Sickey Larate Center

Black Belt Examination Material & Study Guide



Part JJ

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Hickey Karate Center Teaching Requirements For Advanced Rank

I understand that advance training at the Hickey Karate Center requires exercising responsibility for others, which may and often includes being put in charge of classes, learning how to teach what I know, and practicing leadership through teaching. This is part of my normal training, and whether supervised or not, is part of my rank requirement for advancing to the upper ranks. I understand that I am not an employee and that I am learning valuable skills by teaching. If I am not available to teach, then I may exercise my teaching and leadership responsibilities some other way by mutual agreement with my instructor.

Signed:	
Date:	
Witness:	
Date:	

Request for Karate Black Belt Testing

Karate:	JuJitsu:	Taekwondo: _	Kobudo:	
Name:				
Current Rai	nk:		Date of Last Promotion:	
Address: _				
City:		_State:	Zip:	
EMail:				
Phone:				
Number of				
Karate: List at least	two special kara	te kata you will perf	orm at the test	
•	•	will be performing page if required for		
JuJitsu Complete E	Ebo Form on next	page.		
	two special Taek	twondo Hyung you will be performing	will perform at the test: for this test below	
	1	ata you will be performing	C	
1	wan Bu in order t	o be performed.		
2				
_				
_				
7.				
0				
0				
10.				

This form due in July for the January test and in January for the July Test. Kwan Bu must be approved by a shihan or sensei instructor. Describe Each EBO (Self Defense) technique as you will perform each at the test.



This form due in July for the January test and in January for the July Test. Ebo must be approved by a shihan or sensei instructor.

Hickey Karate Center Junior Black Belt Program Form

Students who attain black belt before age 14 are awarded Level One Junior Black Belts. At age 14 they need to present themselves at a Black Belt examination for formal recognition of reaching an adult Black Belt. However, Junior Black Belts may still upgrade their rank by achieving additional goals prior to age 14. Goal achievement results in accumulation of points. For each 100 points, or achievement of black belt in another style of martial arts, an additional level is added to the Junior Black Belt. You must attain rank in another martial art style as a condition to advancement to a higher level. The points awarded for that rank may be added to the points awarded for any other goal on the list. The list, which may be updated or changed by Shihan from time to time, lists goals for which points are awarded, and the point value of each:

Goal	Points	Points Claimed
Black belt in taekwondo, ju jitsu or kobudo	100	
Attain rank of equivalent to green belt or	40	
higher in one of the above additional		
martial arts styles		
Attain any rank above blue belt in two or	40	
more of the above martial arts styles		
Regular attendance at class for one year	20	
following receipt of Junior Black Belt		
Regular attendance at class for more than	15 each additional six months	
one year following receipt of black belt		
Regular attendance at Iaido class	10 points each six months	
Regular attendance at Demo team	10 points each six months	
Regular attendance at JuJitsu class	10 points each six months	
Attend Kwanmukan annual Symposium	10 points	
Competition in Tournaments	5 points for dojo event;	
	10 points all others	
Attend Sansen	5	
Two consecutive school grading periods in	15	
which a "B" or higher average is attained		
or where the net effect is that two grades		
were improved each grading period.		
Perform 60 random acts of kindness in 90	15	
day period		
Assist teaching younger students a kata or	2 points per class	
one steps		
Learn and retain three new approved Kata	15	

All point awards must be approved and noted by Shihan after attainment of Junior Black Belt. If a certification is held in another martial art, no points are granted until the next level is attained in that particular martial art. You are graded on what you do after you obtain your black belt level.

Name:	Date:	
1 1011101	But.	



Kwanmuzendokai Application for Dan Registration

National Office: 1300 Kenmore Blvd, Akron, Ohio 44314, 330/753-3114 email: usakf@usakf.org



	Rank certification lev	el being applied for	•	Promotio	n Date Req	uested:	//
Personal:							
Name:		Birthd	ate:/_	/	_ email addı	ess:	
Address:		Phone	:/_	/_	Sex:		Age:
City:				State:			Zip:
Place of Emplo	oyment:			Occupat	ion:		
Address:				Superior	:: :		
City:				State:	Zip	:	Phone /
Education:							
High School D	iploma:		B.S	M.A	M.S	Ph.D	Other:
Technical Colle	ege:	Profes	sional Des	ignation:			Date://
School where l	ast degree was received:						
Date Received:	:/ Address	of School:					
Karate Resum	ne:						
Age at Inception	on of Karate Training:		Kara	te Training	Began: Mo	nth	Year
Present Karate	Instructor:			Place:			
Current Karate	Rank:Date	Received:/	_/ Sty	yle:			
Karate Histor	y:						
Rank: 1st Dan 2nd Dan 3rd Dan 4th Dan 5th Dan	Date Received//		 		Style/Plac		
		Pleas	se List Ref	erences:			
Name:		Address:					
Name:		Address:					
Name:		Address:					
			applicant b	e recogniz	ed at the dar	n rank of I	also do hereby certify that the sysical review.
Signature:			Date:	/	/		
karate history a	of expulsion from the Kw and background. I fully ur he event of misrepresenta	nderstand that I can b	reby certif	y that the a	bove facts a		nd accurate presentation of my ognition given to me
	a:				ъ.	,	,



Central Taewkondo Association 1550 RITCHIE ROAD **STOW, OHIO 44224**

	Central Taekwondo Dan R	egistration Application
	Black Belt Application fo	or the rank of
\bigvee	Date of Application	n//
·	Check One Promotion	n Collateral Rank
al Data:		
Name	Birth Date	SexAge
Address	City	StateZip
Phone Number	Dojang/Club	
Current Instructor	Style	e
	Degree Received	
Instructors Address	nder Instructor	Phone
Previous Instructors and Sc	chools (List All Names and Addresses)):
Please list all places where	you have previously taught (Include r	name and address of contact.)

Participation Record Seminars/Clinics: Location Date Instructor Tournament Competition: Tournament Location Date Event Placing Referee: Tournament Location Date Event Organization Activity: Name Position(s) PLEASE LIST THREE TAEKWONDO REFERENCES (NAME, ADDRESS, PHONE) **Applicant's Affidavit** Under penalty of disciplinary action by the Central Taekwondo Association and of possible recall of any certification and/or certificates received and of possible dismissal from the membership of the Central Taekwondo Association along with relinquishment of any and all privileges that go along with the certification and/or certificates received, I acknowledge that all information contained herein is correct to the best of my ability and knowledge. I understand that misrepresentation and fraud are grounds for dismissal and withdrawal of any rank received. Signed: _____ Date __/__/__ APPLICANT SIGNATURE TO BE COMPLETED BY INSTRUCTOR I,______, do hereby request that the person named on this application be given promotion/acceptance of the Dan Grade of _____ Degree Black Belt in the art of

PROMOTION FEE OF \$_____ ENCLOSED

INSTRUCTOR SIGNATURE

______Date ___/____(Rank certificate issued this date)

Karate Promotional Assessment Form

This remains with permanent records at the Hickey Karate Center and is referred to at each dan promotion. Dojo: _____ Student Name: Applying for Grade of: Review Date: Part I: Kihon (5 = excellent skill, 1= requires substantial improvement) **Exercises Stances Strikes and Punches Blocking Kicking** Stamina Breathing Strength Part II: Kata (Formal Exercise) **Rating Score** (10 = excellent, 5/6 = acceptable, 1/2 needs serious work) Kata **Comments:** Taikvoku Heian Shodan Heian Nidan **Heian Sandan** Heian Yondan Heian Godan Tekki Bassai Sho Jion Kanku Dai Bassai Dai **Part III: Ippon Kumite** (32 One-Step Fighting Sequences) (5 = excellent skill, 1= requires substantial improvement) **Set 1: Linear Draws Set 5: Direct Kick Defenses Set 2: Oblique Forward Steps Set 6: Double Jump Kicks Set 7: Follow-up Jump Kicks** Set 3: Oblique Draw Steps **Set 8: Floor Defenses** Set 4: Cross Steps For ippon kumite, mark criteria below which require the most improvement. ___ Chukugan (gaze) Attitude ___ Breathing __ Chambering ___ Blocking technique Work as Uke ___ Zanchin ___ Speed ___ Kicking technique _ Targeting accuracy Kiai Power Tai sabaki ___ Punching technique ___ Distancing Balance

Demonstration of Higher Level Skills in Ippon Kumite Format

Semi-free Ippon Kumite	1 2 3 4 5	Direct Hand Counters	1 2 3 4 5
Hit-Move-Hit Combinations	12345	Three-Step Sequences	1 2 3 4 5
Direct Kicking Counters	12345	Take-Downs	12345

Part IV: Kumite

(5 = excellent skill, 1= requires substantial improvement)

Variety of Techniques	1 2 3 4 5	Tai Sabaki	12345
Targeting	1 2 3 4 5	Distancing	1 2 3 4 5
Footwork	12345	Breathing	12345
Timing	1 2 3 4 5	Vigor	12345
Consideration of Opponent	12345	Control	12345
Stamina	12345	Use of Kiai	12345

Part V: Kihon Kata (Individual Style Forms)

Individualized Kihon Kata Sequences (5 = excellent, 1 = requires improvement)

Individualized I	Xihon Kata Sequences (5 = exceller	it, $1 = \text{requires improvem}$	ent)	
SHODAN CANDIDATE	Description		Performance Rating	
Number 1			1 2 3 4 5	
Number 2			1 2 3 4 5	
NIDAN CANDIDATE				
Number 3			1 2 3 4 5	
Number 4			1 2 3 4 5	
SANDAN CANDIDATE				
Number 5			1 2 3 4 5	
Number 6			1 2 3 4 5	
YONDAN CANDIDATE				
Number 7			1 2 3 4 5	
Number 8			1 2 3 4 5	
	Part VI: Kwan Bop			
Attempted Yes No	Complete	ed Yes 🗆 No 🗅		
Part VII: Kwon Kong Chang Kwan				
Part 1	Attempted Yes No C	Completed	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	
Part 2	Attempted Yes No V		Yes 🗆 No 🗖	
Part 3	Attempted Yes No C		Yes 🗖 No 🗖	
Part 4	Attempted Yes No -	Completed	Yes 🗖 No 🗖	

Evaluators: __

Hickey Karate Center Black Belt Examination

SECTION ONE

1.	What is the Value of Karate? (3 points)
2.	What is Karate? (2 points)
3.	Name three considerations in selecting a karate school. (1 point)
4.	Explain the belt ranking system used in karate. (2 points)
5.	What is a black belt. (1 point)
6.	Describe the development of karate up to 1964. (3 points)
7.	What is the World Karate Federation and what is its purpose? (2 points)
8.	Describe how to start and end a karate class. (2 points)
9.	Name and describe the two aspects of a karate stance. (1 point)
10.	When do you use a low stance? (1 point)
11.	When do you use a high stance? (1 point)

12. Name and describe the five natural body positions. (1 point)	
13. What is a reverse punch? (1 point)	
14. What is meant by concept "connections" and name the three major connections? (2 point	:s)
15. How do you use the hips in karate? (1 point)	
16. Explain the concept of "withdrawing hand." (1 point)	
17. Describe the two ways of stepping in karate. (1 point)	
18. Name and describe the four breathing methods used in karate. (2 points)	
19. What are the three uses of a kiai. (1 point)	
20. Name four purposes of a block in karate. (2 points)	
21. What are the four basic blocks? (1 point)	
22. Explain how to use a block as an attack. (1 point)	
23. Explain how to use an attack as a block. (1 point)	

HICKEY	KARATE CENTER	14	5/7/2007
		ween a snap and a thrust kick. (2 point	
	25 What is the difference but	vison a snon and a thirty (2 int	to)
	34. What is the difference betw	ween a kick and a smash? (2 points)	
	33. Name and describe three s	trikes. (3 points)	
	32. How do you do a lunge pu	ench? (1 point)	
	31. What the difference betwe	en a reverse and a straight punch? (2 p	point)
	30. Name five punching variat	tions. (1 point)	
	29. Explain what a nukite is. (i poiiit)	
	20 Evalain what a subita is (1 point)	
	28. Explain how to make a fis	t. (1 point)	
	27. Explain the concept of ate.	mi. (1 point)	
	26. How do you fall sideways	? (1 point)	
	25. How do you fall backward	1? (1 point)	
	24. How do you fall forward?	(1 point)	

36. Why is retraction important in kicking? (1 point)
37. What is meant by chambering the kick. (1 point)
38. Describe the four basic kicks used in karate. (4 points)
39. How does a reverse crescent kick differ from a regular crescent kick? (1 point)
40. What are the six different ways to do an elbow strike? (1 point)
41. What is the difference between an upward and a roundhouse knee smash. (1 point)
42. Give five tips for stances. (5 points)
43. Give five tips for blocking. (5 points)44. Give five tips for punching. (5 points)
45. Give five tips for striking (5 points)
46. Give five tips for kicking. (5 points)

47. Give five tips for smashes. (5 points)

	48. Vocabulary (10 points) 49. Dojo 50. Dai Sempai 51. Sensei Ni Rei 52. Hajime 53. Yoi 54. Matte 55. Yame 56. Kiai 57. Hai 58. Kibadachi 59. Shuto 60. Kokutsu-dachi 61. Tsuki 62. Uchi 63. Uke 64. Gi 65. Obi 66. Ichi 67. Dan 68. Kyu		
SECT	SECTION TWO		
1.	Explain what is meant by "There i	s no first attack in karate." (1 poi	nt)
2.	What is the difference between a s	trategy and a tactic? (1 point)	
3.	Describe the Fighting Guard. (1 po	pint)	
4.	What are the three times when an	opponent is vulnerable to a succe	ssful attack? (3 points)
5.	Name three physical mistakes in fi	ghting. (3 points)	
6.	Name three ways to make your op	ponent make a physical mistake.	(3 points)
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7.	Name five mental mistakes in fighting. (5 points)
8.	Describe five ways to make your opponent make a mental mistake. (5 points)
9.	What four fighting zones do you need to consider during a fight. (1 points)
10.	What is closure. (1 point)
11.	Name three things you should consider when designing fighting tactics. (3 points)
12.	What is the difference between kihon kumite and jiju kumite. (2 points)
13.	Name the three ways to break balance (3 points)
14.	Describe "sword and shield" type fighting. (1 point)
15. W	hat are pattern attacks? (1 point)
16.	Describe "Hit Move Hit." (2 points)
17.	Describe Kata. (1 point)
18.	Name the six traditional weapons used in weapons kata. (1 point)

19. Describe the two types of kata movement. (2 points)	
20. Name ten of the thirteen performance points in kata. (5 points)	
21. List Gichen Funakoshi's three cardinal rules of kata. (3 points)	
22. Describe zanshin. (1 point)	
23. How is kata scored in competition. (1 point)	
24. How is the winner determined in kata competition when there is a tie. (1 point)	
25. Name eight situations when a kumite match can be stopped. (4 points)	
26. What is the ten second rule. (1 point)	
27. In what situations is a kumite match over? (3 points)	
28. Describe kime. (1 point)	
29. Name the 6 target areas in competition. (1 point)	
30. Explain the ruling on a jogai. (1 point)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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31. Describe the six criteria for ippon. (6 points)
32. Name the five technical exceptions to ippon in a kumite match. (5 points)
33. Explain the Control Penalty in a kumite match. (1 point)
34. Describe mubobi. (1 point)
35. Name the five circumstances for a disqualification. (5 points)
36. What are the initial seven factors a referee must consider when he sees a strike occur? (4 points)
37. When a strike lacks control in a kumite match, what five questions must a referee consider. (3 points)
38. Explain the concept of seasonal training (2 points)
39. Name the three common methods of stretching and describe. (3 points)
40. What is the difference between variable resistance training and free weight training. (1 points)
41. Compare and contrast the advantages of variable resistance training and free weight training. (2 points)
42. Describe plyometrics. (1 point)

43. Compare and contrast aerobic ver	rses anaerobic training. (1 point)	
44. Describe interval training. (1 poin	nt)	
45. Describe circuit training. (1 point))	
46. What is makiwara training. (1 poi	nt)	
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Examination for Black Belt in Question Form

2. George II 3. The comsynthesized and 4. George II 5. Senior S 6. The number of the organization of the	ector of the Kwanmukan is E Anderson's title in Japanese is Inplete name and correct spelling for the style Hanshi Anderson and standardized is E Anderson's style is more commonly known as Students of the Kwanmukan are, and Inber of black belt certificates that have been issued to date by iton presided over by O-Sensei is Initiating practicing black belts were black belts training anderson at the time of the founding of the Kwanmukan Shihan are: All-Americans and international champions that the Kwanmukan has produced are
Kwanmukan. 8. What for under Hanshi Kwanmukan_ 9. Active Kanamukan_ 10. The Kwanmukan_ 11. Karate And	our currently practicing black belts were black belts training Anderson at the time of the founding of the Kwanmukan Shihan are: vanmukan 's major law-enforcement Karate-ka are
8. What for under Hanshi Kwanmukan_ 9. Active K 10. The Kwa 11. Karate A 12. Lance W George E Ana 13. George I	our currently practicing black belts were black belts training Anderson at the time of the founding of the Kwanmukan Shihan are: vanmukan 's major law-enforcement Karate-ka are
under Hanshi Kwanmukan_ 9. Active K 10. The Kwa 11. Karate A 12. Lance W George E And 13. George I	Anderson at the time of the founding of the Kwanmukan Shihan are: vanmukan 's major law-enforcement Karate-ka are
9. Active K 10. The Kwa 11. Karate A 12. Lance W George E Ana 13. George I	Kwanmukan Shihan are:
9. Active K 10. The Kwa 11. Karate A 12. Lance W George E Ana 13. George I	Kwanmukan Shihan are:
11. Karate A 12. Lance W George E And 13. George I	·
George E Ana 13. George I	in Americans and international champions that the Rwammakan has produced are
13. George I	Veimer fought in the, placing seventh.
13. George I	dorson
	E Anderson was born in, Ohio,, 1931.
14. He starte	ed martial arts training in
	ed his black belt in the early 1960's under
16. Ill Joo K	Kim was a student of, founder of the Kang Duk Won
	n-Bop Association.
	· ·
17. Park Chu 18. In the 19 founder was R	null Hee was a student of, a Shihan of the Shudokan. 960's Kim Ill Joo changed his affiliation to the Song Moo Kwan (Korean Shotokan) whose Ro Byung Jick. Ro Byung Jick was a direct student of wondo, George E Anderson had a close association with

22.	George E Anderson holds the following grades from the below organizations
a.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, Kwanmuzendokai International
b.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, Hanshi in Karate, United Nations Martial Arts Council
c.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, Chinese Martial Arts Sciences, World Martial Arts Council
d.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, Taekwondo, Korean Chang Moo Kwan Association
e.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, USA Karate Federation
f.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, Taekwondo, Korean Kang Duk Won Association
	Dan Grandmaster Degree, Korean Kido Federation by In Sun Soo.
g. h.	Ban Grandmaster Degree, Rolean Rido Federation by in Sun Soo Dan Grandmaster Degree, Central Taekwondo Association of USA
i.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, United States Jujitsu Federation
j.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, Nippon Seibukan, Kyoto, Japan by Masafumi Suzuki
k.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, United States Karate Association
1.	Dan Grandmaster Degree, United States National Karate Association
m.	Dan Masters Degree, Kobudo, United States Karate Ka Kai, Kobudokan
n.	Dan Masters Degree, United States Judo Association
0.	Dan Masters Degree, World Union of Karatedo Organizations
p.	Dan Masters Degree, Pan American Union of Karatedo Organizations
23.	George E Anderson has also been recognized as a 9 th Dan by the Korean Government through the
24.	Appointed ranking Seibukan representative in the Unites States and Awarded Kyoshi-Shihan Grade
	1, 10th Dan, Kyoto, Japan.
25.	Appointed ranking Kang Duk Won representative in the United States in
26.	He was the representative of Karate to the United States Olympic Committee from
27.	He was a member of the United States Olympic Committee Board of Directors fromand
	ted to the Executive Board of the USOC in
28.	
	nternational clinics, trained and coached overAll-Americans andBushido Award winners and one
	ed States Olympic Committee athlete of the year. Served as official of Chief official at over
	tournaments in U. S. and Canada.
	=
	George E Anderson was awarded Philosphiae Doctor/ O - Sensei in Zen Chuan evolved San Chin
	ed Ryus College of Yudansha, Combined Halls of Fame, title of Philosphiae Doctor/ O-Sensei in Zen
	an evolved San Chin related Ryus College of Yudansha, combined Halls of Fame, Inducted into
	o's Who in Karate,", Inducted into the Soke, Head or World Families, Hall of Fame,,
indu	cted into the USA Karate hall of fame in
_	
Patr	ick M Hickey and Pamela J Hickey
30.	Patrick M Hickey and Pamela J Hickey both holdDan in the Kwanmukan.
31.	Patrick M Hickey and Pamela J Hickey both holdDan Central Taekwondo Association.
32.	Patrick M Hickey and Pamela J Hickey both Dan Changmukan Masters Lever Instructor in the Art
	Leadership of Taekwondo
33.	Patrick M Hickey and Pamela J Hickey bothDan in The USA Karate Federation.
34.	Patrick M Hickey holdsDan Kwanmukan Jujitsu.
35.	Patrick M Hickey holdsDan Kyoshi in the US Jujitsu Federation.
36.	Patrick M Hickey holdsDan Kubodo in the Kobudokan.
37.	Patrick M Hickey holds aDan Taiho Jitsu Certification.
37. 38.	
	Pamela J Hickey holds aDan Taiho Jitsu Certification.
39.	Patrick M Hickey earnedKata and Kumite Referee certification.
40.	Patrick M Hickey International Rokukai 5 th Dan
41.	Patrick M Hickey 6 th Dan World Jujitsu Federation
42.	Pamela J Hickey received 5 th Dan USKA
	·

43.	Patrick M Hickey holds PUKO 6 th Dan
44.	Pamela J Hickey holds PUKO 5 th Dan
45.	
46.	Patrick M Hickey holds WUKO 6 th Dan
47.	Pamela J Hickey holds WUKO 5 th Dan
48.	•
49.	·
	npionships.
Kwa	nmukan
50.	Theis a multi-discipline martial arts organization.
	Kwanmukan symbol and explanation are (see study guide.)
	Kwan Mu means "".
52. 53	The Chinese character for kan (Kwan, Kuan) represents a gate or barrier to pass through. This was the
	y to the koan: "Look my brothers, since the beginning of summer I have done a lot of talking. Look, have
	y eyebrows left?" The answer given by Ummon was "".
	102. The Chinese character for Mu represents a and comes from the reply of to the Koan, "Does
	g have Buddha nature."
•	
	103. The symbol for Kan (Kwan) The symbol for Mu
	The three style forms of the Kwanmukan are called the
57.	
58.	The Kwanmukan formal kata opening means
59.	The koan of Kwan Mu second effort is
	"
60.	The fundamental open hand kata of the Kwanmukan are
61.	The forty-hands as taught by O-Sensei Anderson are the root hand forms which formed the base for
	hand techniques.
62.	Karate is structured in a military manner for
63.	Courtesies that should be shown and instructor when entering the dojo are to make a bow, say "Hello
Sens	sei/Shihan", and
64.	Write the Chinese character for: Mu Rice (find) Barrier
65.	Sakagawa's nickname was Tote which meant
66.	In cases of severe bruises the best treatment rice –
67.	Three dangerous strike points are
68.	The most common result of trauma to the vagus nerve is
Kara	ate
69.	The teachers of Hanshi Anderson back to
	•
70.	Okinawan Karate was called Tang Soo or Okinawa-te or To-te.
71.	"To-te" means
72.	The meaning of Karate today is "".
73.	The original meaning of Karate was "".

	Karate officially went to Japan inwhentraveled there to put on a
	onstration.
	At the urging of, the meaning of Karate was changed.
76.	The meaning of Karate was changed in the year to ""
77.	Karatedo was believed to have evolved from Greece to India with Alexander the Great in form of
	Boxing. From India to China with(Bohdiharma). From Northern China toin
Okin	nawa, Southern Chinese toin Okinawa. And by Gichen Funakoshi, an Okinawan, to
78.	Horses predominated in Northern China and the related Karate style migrated to Okinawa at
79.	Boats predominated in Southern China and the related Karate style migrated to Okinawa at
80.	Four martial arts originating in Japan were
81.	The First All - Japan Karatedo Championship Tournament was held in Tokyo in
82.	The five things taught in Karate are
83.	The Four Fundamentals of Karate Technique are vital stroke, simultaneous focus of
	l,and weapon, distancing,which includes the concepts of remaining mind,
	nding the ki, utterly cutting down and impenetrable posture
84.	The four major Japanese Karate Styles are
	The major American styles are George E. Anderson,
	ald R. Madden, Robert Trias
	The style Funakoshi Gichin originated is now called It is named after a training hall built for
him	by his students. The "" in Japan is the Japan Karate Association - JKA.
87.	
88.	Funakoshi helddan in Karate.
89.	The major system using the Funakoshi inheritance is called the
90.	The Taikyoku exercises were created by Funakoshi Gichin's son Gigo Funakoshi.
91.	The Heian kata were created by, a teacher of Gichen Funakoshi.
92.	includes remaining mind, extending your ki, impenetrable posture, utterly cutting down.
93.	is the mind of no mind.
94.	Atemi is interpreted as
95.	The term Kenka means(dirty street fighting).
96.	In the term Martial Arts, martial refers to; art
is the	e
97.	Ippon kumite issparring.
98.	Sanbon Kumite issparring.
99.	Gohan Kumite issparring.
	Maai is interpreted as
101.	Mass is measure of the
102.	Force is the measure of
V4	
Kata	
	Other names for the Tekki kata are
	Heian means, and is taken from the name of an era in 11th century Japan.
	Two other names for Heian kata are
	The Nihanchi forms were known as
	Chinto (Am Hoc, Gankaku) means
	Batsai Dai signifies to
109.	The Principle of the kata Batsai Dai is:

110. The Principle of the Kata Jion is:	
111. The Principle of the kata Seienchin is:	
112. The three conflicts of the Sanchin kata are 113. Every art encompasses four facets: 114. Time has three facets of involvement: 115. The three elements of the dance are:	
Kobudo and Weapons	
116. Kobudo consists mainly of 117. The long staff is called a, the middle staff is called a, the short stick is called a 118. Kendo is is the martial art of Japanese fencing. 119. Iaido is the art of 120. Jodo is the us of a 121. Explain how to sit in seiza.	
122. What is meant by Mokuso?	
123. One; Two; Four; Five; Six; Seven; Eight; Nine; Ten 124. The Japanese words for Dan grades are:	,
·	
Law Enforcement 125. George E Anderson was an Instructor from 126. George E Anderson has been a member and advisor to a number of police training organizations such the	h as
among others.	
127. George E Anderson was the technical director of a number of	
128. Patrick M Hickey and Pamela J Hickey both receivedcertification in 1977. 129. Patrick M Hickey was theof the USKA PSDI from 1981-1984. 130. Patrick M Hickey created the	
World Union of Karatedo Organizations (now known as World Karate Federation.) 131. The Technical Director at the 1st World Cup in Budapest was Kwanmukan Director George E Anderson, presiding over the	
132. The Technical Director at the First World Collegiate Karate Championships in Kobe, Japan, was Kwanmukan Director	

133. The First World Technical C	_		ру
This congre		•	
		and were adopted	
Union of Karatedo Organizations			
Congress held in Kyoto, Japan wa 134. USA Delegates were Patrick	s also chaired by		
	M Hickey, Donald M	adden, Tom LaPuppet, Kyoshi	Yamazaki, Takiyuki
Mikami and Minobu Miki.			
135. George E Anderson was Pres			987.
136. George E Anderson was vice			
137. George E Anderson was Dire	ector of the	from 1988-	1994.
Pan American Union of Karate-d			_
138. George E Anderson was first	of the PAUKO from	1980-1986.	
139. He later became its Presiden	t from 1986-1995 and	directed the PAUKO recogniti	on of Karate into the
140. George E Anderson	over the first appea	arance of Karate in the Pan Am	erican Games as a
medal sport in	TT CTZ 1		
141. The office of the Pan Americ	can Union of Karatedo	Organizations was in	, at the Center fo
the Martial Arts.	' 1 3 A TT' 1		C.I. DATITO
142. George E Anderson and Patr			
143. George E Anderson was the			om 1982-1987.
144. David Ames was the		in the year	
The USA Karate Federation			
145. The USA Karate Federation	was the Karate memb	er of the	from
1992-1996			
146. George E. Anderson is the or	nly President of the	.	
147. George E Anderson also cha	irs the	.	
147. George E Anderson also cha148. Patrick M Hickey was the	0	f the USAKF from	
149. Patrick M Hickey also chaire	ed the		
			of the
USAKF.			
150. Pamela J Hickey is			
151. Patrick M Hickey and Pamel		ved USA Karate	fron
the USAKF in 1990			
152. Patrick M Hickey and Pamel	la J Hickey were both	inducted into	in
1997. 153. Other Dans involved in the U	JSA Karate Federation	ı are	
United States Karate Association			
154. The head of the USKA was	_	assed away July 11,	
155. Sensei Anderson's duties wit			
156. George E Anderson was the		·	for the USKA.
157. He also was the Internationa			
158. Patrick M Hickey was the he			
159. George E Anderson was a m			
			5/7/200
	20		5/1/200

	George E Anderson was recruited into the USKA by
161.	Grandmaster Trias' senior student is
	Phillip W Koeppel's current organization is the
163.	George E Anderson is a Presidential advisor to theand was inducted into the
164	Patrick M Hickey holds USKADan in both Taekwondo and Kwanmukan 1981
	Pamela J Hickey holds USKADan in both Taekwondo and Kwanmukan 1981
105.	Tanicia 3 Therey notes OSE/1Dan in both Tackworldo and Iswaninakan 1701
	Karate/National AAU Karate Committee, Inc.
	George E Anderson was Involved In the separation ofwithin the AAU
struc	
	George E Anderson held positions and referee certification In bothIn the early 1970's.
168.	George E Anderson became theof the AAU Karate Committee in 1979 and the in 1987.
169.	George E Anderson was on the form 1978-79.
170.	George E Anderson was on the form 1978-79. Patrick M Hickey became the in 1979 and the in 1987.
171.	The Second National AAU Senior Men's kumite national champion in 1976 was
	Patrick M Hickey and George E Anderson wrote the
173	Both George E Anderson and Patrick M Hickey wereby Amateur
	etic Union of the United States Karate Committee for special service.
	George E Anderson was awarded by the National AAU Karate
	mittee in 1979.
	Patrick M Hickey was awarded by the National AAU Karate
	mittee in 1980.
	Patrick M Hickey was thefrom 1977 to 1986.
	Patrick M Hickey and Pamela J Hickey both heldin the AAU Karate
	1979.
110111	
Taek	cwondo
	Taekwondo is a Korean Martial Art meaning the
	A kwan of Taekwondo is the
	The first five major kwans in Taekwondo are:
a.	(blue waves, meaning a youngster's spirit and vitality), Won Kook Lee - 1945
b.	(blue waves, meaning a youngster's spirit and vitality), Wolf Rook Lee - 1745(Korea Tang Soo Do Association and later Korea Soo Bahk Do Association,
	ng Kee - 1946
	(Song means pine tree, which meant green and a long life), Ro Byung Jick -
c. 1946	
d.	
	(YMCA Kwon Bup Bu, YOON Byung In, later LEE Nam Suk and KIM Soon - 1946
e.	(renamed Jidokwan (Wisdom Way School), Yon Kue
•	g - 1946 The four leter by and
	The four later kwans are
a.	, CHOI Hong Hi and NAM Tae Hi
b.	(a house of teaching generosity), HONG Jong Pyo and PARK Chul Hee - 1956
C.	, LEE Kyo - 1956
d.	(stepping the right way), LEE Yong Woo - 1954
	The earliest known form of Taekwondo was
183.	Taekyon trained warriors became known as

184. In the year 935, Taekyon became known as	
185. Korea was occupied by Japan from	<u> </u>
186. The first kwon of school to teach a native Korea	
in 1945 – was the art.	t to organize the kwans under the name the
art of Chinese hand.	to organize the kwans under the name the
188. Inthe word Taekwondo - the art of kickin	g and punching began to be used.
	with General Cho Hong Hi as
the first President.	
	Ewan started their
opposition to the Korea Taekwondo Association.	
191. The	, was created in 1966 when Choi Hong Hi ran into
political troubles in Korea.	
Central Taekwondo Association	
192. The Central Taekwondo Association was founded	ed in
193. The Central Tackwolido Association was founded 193. The first chairman of the CTA was:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
194. The founding directors of the Central Taekwond	
174. The founding directors of the Central Tackworld	
195. The three incorporators of the Central Taekwond	lo Association
were	·
196. The current director of the Central Taekwondo A	Association is
197. The Central Taekwondo Association is now con-	
198. Hanshi Anderson holds a ninth dan in the	
Mrs. Hickey holds an eighth dan in	
199. Patrick M Hickey and Pamela J Hickey hold ???	??? dan in the Kang Duk Won.
200. The Kwanmukan initially evolved from the	but is now affiliated with the
201. Song Moo Kwan means202. George E. Anderson received direct promotion f	the foundary of the Core Mos
	rom, the founder of the Song Moo
Kwan. 203. Hanshi Anderson's principle Taekwondo teacher	was II Kim Mr. Kim's tanahars wara
203. Halishi Aliderson's principle Taekwondo teacher	was 1 J Kiiii. Wii. Kiiii 8 teachers were
204. Pamela J Hickey was the Central Taekwondo As	ssociation
World Taekwondo Federation and Kukkiwon	
205. The World Taekwondo Federation (WTF) is the	·
206. Theis the World Taekwondo Trainin	g Center/Headquarters and was founded in November,
in Korea.	•
207. George E. Anderson holds a Ninth Dan recognit	ion from the Korean government issued through the
208. George E Anderson received a Pan American Ta	nekwondo officials certification in the early
Judo	
209was the founder of Judo.	
210. The Kwanmukan Chief Judo Instructor is	
211. The three parts of the judo throw are	·
1 J	

212.	The five basic principles in Judo are:
213.	The five divisions of judo technique are
214.	Four men who attained the 10th (Judan) grade in Karate were
215.	, a famous Judo master held seminars in George E Anderson's dojo.
Unit	ed States Judo Association
	George E Anderson holds aDan in the USJA and is a trustee Life Member of the USJA.
	Patrick M Hickey holds a USJADan in 1984 and is a USJA Life Member
218.	Pamela J Hickey holds a USJADan in 1984. and a USJA Life Member
Inter	national Jujitsu Federation
	George E Anderson is a member of the JJIF Advisory committee and chairman of the
220	and the
220.	The JJIF is the member of the
	Patrick M. Hickey led the first US delegation to the firstin Copenhagen in 1993.
	The first Kwanmukan personnel receiving international Jujitsu referee licenses from the JJIF were
IIS I	ujitsu Federation
	George E Anderson was of the US Jujitsu Federation from 1991-1995.
225	Patrick M Hickey wasof the US Jujitsu Federation from 1991-1995.
	George E Anderson with Patrick M Hickey were founders of the
	George E Anderson and Patrick M Hickey are permanent life members and board members of the
228.	George E Anderson is the current vice President of the
229.	Patrick M Hickey is currently George E Anderson is